

SOLUTIONS:

1. The distance from the Y-axis to point K is $\frac{1}{3}$ of the distance from the X-axis to point K. If the coordinates of K are $(-3, y)$, what is the distance between point K and X-axis?

- A. $\frac{1}{2}$
- B. 1
- C. 3
- D. 4.5
- E. 9

Point K has the coordinates $(-3, y)$ means that it's somewhere on the line $x=-3$. Hence the distance from this point to the Y-axis is 3 units.

Since the distance from the Y-axis to point K is $\frac{1}{3}$ of the distance from the X-axis to point K, then the distance from K to the X-axis is 9 units.

Answer: E.

2. What is the area of a region enclosed by $|\frac{x}{3}| + |\frac{y}{9}| = 10$?

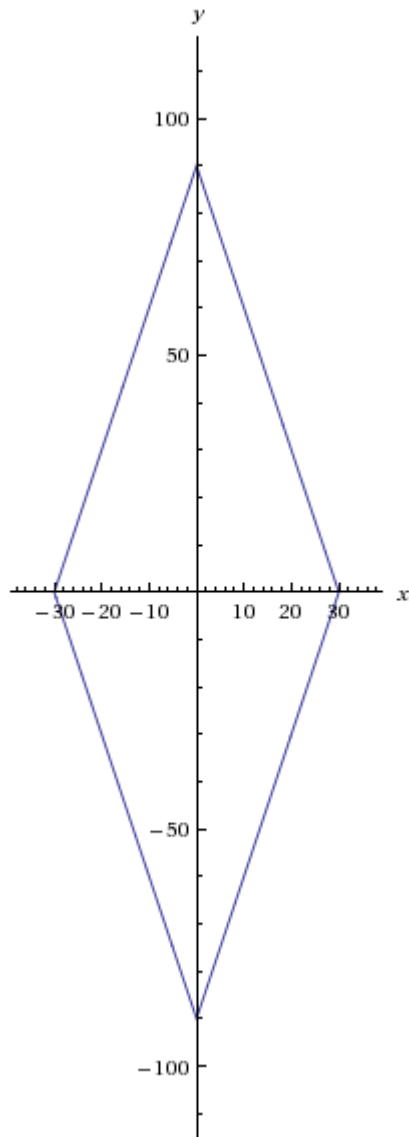
- A. 675
- B. 1350
- C. 2700
- D. 5400
- E. 10800

Find the x and y intercepts.

When $y=0$, then $x=30$ or $x=-30$.

When $x=0$, then $y=90$ or $y=-90$.

So, we have 4 points: $(30, 0)$, $(-30, 0)$, $(0, 90)$, $(0, -90)$. When joining these points we get the rhombus:



The area of a rhombus is $\frac{d_1 * d_2}{2}$ (where d_1 and d_2 are the lengths of the diagonals), thus the area of the enclosed figure is $60 * 180 / 2 = 5,400$.

Answer: D.

3. Three workers, A, B, and C, can complete a certain task in 10, 5 and x hours respectively. A starts working alone and 2 hours later B joins. After another 2 hours C joins. After that A, B, and C together complete the task in 15 minutes. What is the value of x?

- A. 1
- B. 1.25
- C. 2
- D. 2.5
- E. 4

After 2 minutes $2 * \frac{1}{10} = \frac{1}{5}$ of the task will be done (as only A works);

After 4 minutes $\frac{1}{5} + 2 * (\frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{5}) = \frac{4}{5}$ of the task will be done and $\frac{1}{5}$ will be left to be done;

We are told that $\frac{1}{5}$ th of the task is done in 15 minutes ($\frac{1}{4}$ th of an hour) by all three workers: $\frac{1}{4} * (\frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{x}) = \frac{1}{5}$. From which we can find that $x=2$ hours.

Answer: C.

4. A draining pipe can empty a pool in 4 hours. On a rainy day, when the pool is full, the draining pipe is opened and the pool is emptied in 6 hours. If rain inflow into the pool is 3 liters per hour, what is the capacity of the pool?

- A. 9 liters
- B. 18 liters
- C. 27 liters
- D. 36 liters
- E. 45 liters

Let the rate of the draining pipe be x liters per hour. Then the capacity of the tank will be $C = \text{time} * \text{rate} = 4x$;

Now, when raining, the net outflow is $x-3$ liters per hour, and we are told that at this new rate the pool is emptied in 6 hours. So, the capacity of the pool also equals to $C = \text{time} * \text{rate} = 6(x-3)$;

Thus we have: $4x = 6(x-3) \rightarrow x = 9 \rightarrow C = 36$.

Answer: D.

5. For a certain set of numbers, if x is in the set, then both $-x^2$ and $-x^3$ are also in the set. If the number $1/2$ is in the set, which of the following must also be in the set?

- I. $-1/64$
- II. $1/64$
- III. $1/2^{1/3}$

- A. I only,
- B. II only,
- C. III only,
- D. I and II only
- E. I, II and III

Since $1/2$ is in the set, the so must be:

$$-x^2 = -1/4;$$

$$-x^3 = -1/8.$$

Since $-1/4$ is in the set, the so must be:

$$-x^3 = 1/64;$$

Since $-1/8$ is in the set, the so must be:

$$-x^2 = -1/64.$$

The only number we cannot get is $1/2^{1/3}$.

Answer: D.

6. A team contributes total of \$399 from its members. If each member contributed at least \$10, and no one contributed \$19, what is the greatest number of members the club could have?

- A. 37
- B. 38
- C. 39
- D. 40
- E. 41

Obviously the team could not have 40 or more members, since $\$10 \times 40 = \$400 > \$399$. What about 39? If 37 members contributes \$10 each ($\$10 \times 37 = \370) and the remaining two members contributed for example, \$11 and \$18, respectively then the team would have is $37 + 1 + 1 = 39$.

Answer: C.

7. Mary spent 64 percent of her salary on food (including meat) and 16% of her salary on meat. What percent of the salary spent on food were not spent on meat?

- A. 16%
- B. 25%
- C. 32%
- D. 48%
- E. 75%

64% of her salary on food;
16% of her salary on meat;

$64\% - 16\% = 48\%$ on food but not on meat --> $48/64 = 3/4 = 75\%$ of the salary spent on food were not spent on meat.

Answer: E.

8. Usually Holly leaves home to school at 9:00, however today she left home 20 minutes later. In order to be at school on time she increased her usual speed by 20% and still was at school 15 minutes later than usual. What is her usual time from home to school?

- A. 15 minutes
- B. 20 minutes
- C. 25 minutes
- D. 30 minutes
- E. 210 minutes

Let the usual speed be s and usual time t minutes, then as the distance covered is the same we will have: $st = 1.2s(t - 20 + 15)$..
> $t = 30$ minutes.

Answer: D.

9. If x and y are integers and $x + y = -12$, which of the following must be true?

- A. Both x and y are negative
- B. $xy > 0$
- C. If $y < 0$, then $x > 0$
- D. If $y > 0$, then $x < 0$
- E. $x - y > 0$

Look at option D: if y is positive, then x must be negative in order the sum of x and y to be negative.

Answer: D.

10. If n is a non-negative integer and the remainder when 3^n is divided by 4 is a multiple of 3, then which of the following must be true?

- I. n^2 divided by 4 yields the remainder of 1
- II. $(-2)^n$ is less than 0
- III. n is a prime number

- A. I only
- B. II only
- C. III only
- D. I and II only
- E. II and III only

$3^0 = 1$ --> the remainder when 1 is divided by 4 is 1;
 $3^1 = 3$ --> the remainder when 3 is divided by 4 is 3;

$3^2=9$ --> the remainder when 9 is divided by 4 is 1;
 $3^3=27$ --> the remainder when 27 is divided by 4 is 3;
...

We can see that in order the condition to hold true n must be odd.

I. n^2 divided by 4 yields the remainder of 1 --> odd^2 divided by 4 always yields the remainder of 1. So, this statement must be true.

II. $(-2)^n$ is less than 0 --> $(-2)^{\text{odd}} < 0$. So, this statement must be true.

III. n is a prime number. Not necessarily true.

Answer: D.

11. Certain bowl contains 5 red marbles and 3 blue marbles only. One by one, every marble is drawn at random and without replacement. What is the probability that the seventh marble drawn is NOT blue?

- A. $7/8$
- B. $3/4$
- C. $2/3$
- D. $5/8$
- E. $3/8$

Basically we need to find the probability that the seventh marble drawn is red (so not blue).

Now, the initial probability of drawing red marble is $5/8$. Without knowing the other results, the probability of drawing red marble will not change for ANY successive draw: second, third, fourth, ..., seventh. Thus the probability that the seventh marble is red is $5/8$.

The same for blue marble: the probability of drawing blue marble is $3/8$, the probability that for instance the 8th marble drawn is blue is still $3/8$. There is simply no reason to believe WHY is any draw different from another (provided we don't know the other results).

Answer: D.